

Adoption of Artificial Intelligence in Digital Banking 2.0

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Abstract

The Indian banking sector has been at the face of accepting innovative technologies and has been changing over time. Indian banks make use of AI-powered technologies to automate labor-intensive operations so that both the operational costs and the potential of growth in revenue are reduced. Already it is machines which manage a large percentage of routine tasks. To increase security and transparency in payment fraud detection and prevention systems, financial institutions are also applying artificial intelligence. However, in the last couple of days, Indian banks are fighting significant concerns regarding AI adoption and deployment, which need further investigation. The present research is a case study that incorporates two leading private banks in India. The research found that the ultimate driving factor of AI maturity and the important concern areas that need to be appropriately addressed to ensure long-term success in the context of AI adoption in the Indian banking sector are formulated below.

Introduction

Artificial intelligence in banking has altered the world of finance. Science that promotes replicable human intellect in computers is changing the operations, clientele interaction, data management, and the strategic decision-making process of a layperson's bank. Their adoption, therefore, comes through gaining an advantage under increasingly digital and data-driven environments while improving customer service and bringing more efficiency to banks. AI has emerged as a good companion to make this automation of work into a bank's effort to simplify procedures, save costs, and offer customers with more personalized and convenient services. It is critical in areas of customer care, fraud detection, credit risk analysis, as well as the constant automation of general work. On one hand, while machine-learning algorithms scan humongous amounts of data to help confirm more informed loan decisions, artificial intelligence-powered chatbots and virtual assistants represent a new face of round-the-clock customer care. As artificial intelligence starts adopting banks to slowly modify their way of working, this also changes their way of dealing with consumer interaction, compliance, as well as security in the age of the digital. Integrating artificial intelligence into banking marks an essential step toward data usage and a customer-centric approach in the dynamic industry. Therefore, it shows how dramatically and strongly artificial intelligence drives the banking sector today—hence a pointer to innovation and development of financial institutions within an increasingly data-driven regime and technological age.

Adoption

Artificial intelligence uptake in the banking industry has gathered real momentum in 2023. With that, banks globally have been embracing AI technologies to enhance customer experience, smoothen their operations, and enhance security. Chatbots and virtual assistants, all powered by AI, have come to the fore to offer 24/7 support, and personalize the help given to customers in the quest for assistance in their needs about banking. Moreover, AI algorithms have introduced fraud detection and prevention, significantly reducing financial crimes. Optimization of investment portfolios, enrichment of risk assessments, and data-driven lending decisions that make financial services efficient and inclusive are among the many uses of AI that banks have used. With the never-stop development of AI, increased automation and data-driven insights are bound to bring further benefits into banking, changing how financial institutions communicate with customers and operate themselves.

A visual (graphical) representation provides explanations of these key areas using graphs and charts.

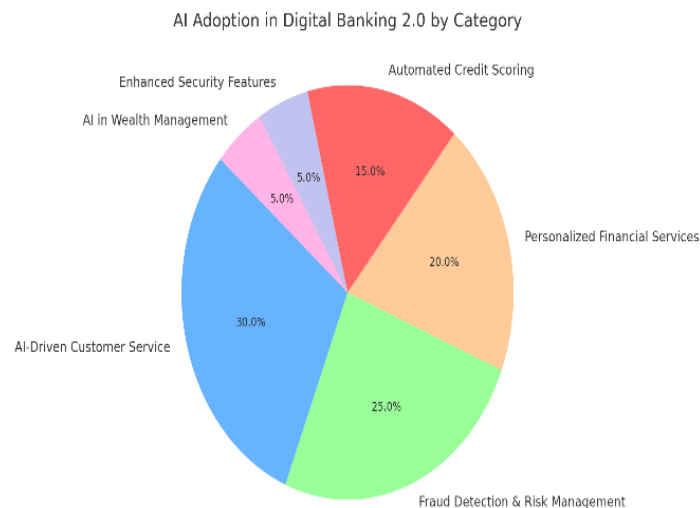


Diagram 1.0

The pie chart above illustrates the adoption of AI in various categories within Digital Banking 2.0:

1. Customer service (30%) by artificial intelligence: It includes the use of chatbots and virtual assistants who engage with customers at any time about their queries and issues, which are handled real-time.
2. Fraud Detection and Risk Management (25%): The AI algorithm scans the transaction pattern for outliers; that is, it can decide faster than any traditional method, where potential fraud activities are identified.
3. Personalized Financial Services 20% This is the place where AI can be of help to a bank in order to individualize up product recommendations, financial advice and marketing offers that can suit any individual's needs and behavior.
4. Automation of credit rating and loan approval. 15% AI examines creditworthiness in a greater detail than is the case with human beings, and this may reduce the durations when making loan decisions to increase their speed and accuracy.
5. Stronger Security 5% AI offers enhanced security through biometric authentication such as face/fingerprint recognition and behavior analysis to detect suspicious activities.
5. Investment and Wealth Management by AI (5%): AI-based robo-advisors provide low-cost, automated investment advice and portfolio management for investment decisions based on AI-powered insights.

Ai In Future Financial Services

Within the financial industry, there are also many changes in how communications, customer assistance, hiring, and asset management go about. Investing in stocks markets and finance nowadays, for example, is mostly about technical ability and divine luck. But with sentiment analysis, crowd-sourced data, and algorithms at hand, we will be able to control money in very new ways going forward[8].

The future of financial services might be changed by artificial intelligence. Therefore, changing the work style of any financial institution to make it customer-oriented will surely depend on artificial intelligence technology in great measure. From tailored and individualized financial planning to more amazing client experiences via chatbots and virtual assistants, to risk assessment and fraud detection, the potential applications of artificial intelligence are enormous in this area. Algorithmic trading powered by artificial intelligence will shape financial markets going forward. Blockchain and bitcoin transactions made by artificial intelligence have become constantly safer and quicker. Furthermore, significantly transforming loan choices, compliance, and predictive analytics will be artificial intelligence. As it matures in the adoption of artificial intelligence, attention in the sector will shift to ethical and responsible AI methods that generate openness, justice, and responsibility. Financial

services will be driven by data, customer-centric, and intelligent with artificial intelligence at the core of their foundation.

Estimated Year-Wise Adoption Rates of AI in Banking sector, India (2020-2026)

Year	AI-Driven Customer Service (%)	Fraud Detection & Risk Management (%)	Personalized Financial Services (%)	AI in Lending & Credit Scoring (%)	Security & Compliance (%)	Investment Management (%)
2020	20%	18%	12%	8%	5%	3%
2021	25%	22%	15%	10%	7%	4%
2022	30%	26%	18%	12%	8%	5%
2023	35%	30%	20%	15%	10%	6%
2024	42%	36%	25%	19%	14%	9%
2025	50%	43%	31%	24%	18%	13%

Figure 1.0

Why Ai Plays An Important Role In Banking Industry

Huge challenges in the banking sector: The banking sector faces a number of challenges in the modern environment. Cybersecurity threats are becoming sophisticated; therefore, banks must make huge investments in protection against them to protect customers' data and financial assets. At the same time, fintech is developing extremely fast, and DeFi is on the rise, which requires traditional banks to change fast if they want to stay in the game. One of the perennial challenges is regulatory compliance, which goes on requiring heavy resources, given that banks must negotiate an increasingly complex and constantly changing environment in this regard. Trying to strike a balance between the quest for innovation and preserving customer trust in a bank's ability to protect their data is another continuing challenge as banks strive to harness innovative technologies while ensuring the security and integrity of financial transactions and services.

Customer request to deliver different personalized solutions: Lots of changes are in the process of happening within the banking field with respect to how they communicate, help their customers, hire people, and manage their assets. Nowadays, dealing in the stock market and money matters is about being exceptionally good at math and having a lot of luck. However, in the future, using computers, crowdsourced data, and mood analysis, we will be able to change money in quite different ways. AI can really make a difference in the future of banking services. There is no denying the fact that AI technologies are going to play a huge role in changing the working style of any banking company to make it customer centric. There are many ways in which AI can be used in this field. It could be used for customizable, personalized financial planning, giving customers better experiences through apps and virtual helpers, measuring risk, finding frauds; the future of financial markets is going to be driven by automated trade, which will be run by AI. AI is always improving the safety and speed of blockchain and bitcoin operations. AI will also be quite instrumental in changing the way loan decisions are made, how rules are followed, and predictive analytics are used. With increased openness of businesses toward AI, attention will also shift to fair, clear, accountable AI practices that are ethical and responsible. It is obvious that future financial services will be data-based, customer-centric, smart, and hence AI-central.

Visualization to extend human function with the use of robotics tools: When robots tools and advanced imaging methods are used in banking, they make it possible for people to do more in that field. Customer service, business efficiency, and security have all been changed in almost amazing ways by these technologies. Robotic process automation automates boring, high-volume, and complicated tasks like data entry and transaction processing. This frees up bank employees to do more important, higher-order tasks that add more value. At the

same time, bankers will use display technologies like virtual reality and data analytics screens to find useful insights that will help them make decisions based on data in real time.

To minimize the chances of fraud and fraud: At the center of modern fraud and fraud fighting is artificial intelligence. Through finding trends, monitoring activities in real time, and learning data, it can show just how strong the strength of a business can be in safeguarding its people from theft, mostly through financial and safety measures. Artificially intelligent systems can very easily detect any unusual behavior, and thus potential fraud is detected in real time. Since machine learning models continuously learn and change with evolving threats, they are quite effective for prevention. It is AI that allows identification of small patterns in terabytes of data and can predict frauds that sophisticated scammers would hatch next. AI is one of the most major modules now in the digital world. It automates chores that can minimize the threat of theft and fraud, enhance the process of verifying customers, and give predictive analysis.

AI manages an immense volume of data at record speed and gains valuable insights: Artificial intelligence has changed the way of managing and extracting insights from huge volumes of data. This has let organizations work at record speeds and utterly new levels of precision. Old methods for handling and analyzing data are very grossly inadequate against the background of exponential growth in data during this digital information age. AI does quite well at this problem because of better algorithms and stronger computers.

To carry out effective decision-making: Today, AI is fast-changing, and it is shifting the character of decision-making in banking. AI-driven algorithms are especially important tools in assessing risks, exposing fraud, and enhancing customer experience in everyday management of enormous loads of data. Now, considering the speed at which AI processes and research data, you could make much more accurate and quicker decisions about loans, investing, and risk management. AI provides banks with all the information to make very smart choices about whom to lend money to and how much to spend, or how well they follow the rules. Another good point about using AI in customer service is that it enables you to offer better service to each customer immediately and answer each question more personally. It is believed that AI is going to make banks more efficient, less dangerous, and customer-service-oriented, increasing the competition in the financial sector.

Artificial Intelligence Investments On The Rise

Investments in artificial intelligence have been growing amazingly fast since the last information update in September 2021. That could be for many reasons. Why are investments in AI so trending? I might be able to give you a few ideas. Consider that the landscape might have changed since then.

Increased numbers of people want AI technologies: AI is fast being applied to healthcare, banking, retail, manufacturing almost any area where it might raise output, help people make better decisions, and help them avail themselves of new opportunities. Large investments are made in research into artificial intelligence and related deals by tech companies like Alphabet, Facebook, Amazon, and Microsoft. They are buying AI startups and adding AI tools to products and services they already sell.

Earlier Examples Of Its Implications In Banking

Banks have usually been among the first to grab any opportunity in information technology. This holds not only for back office, where modern technologies have been in use for the past decades already—for instance, in processing payments but also for front-end applications. One example is automated teller machines (ATMs), which highly likely would have been one of the first IT applications in banking. These devices replaced the quite repetitive tasks of bank employees in cash withdrawal and account balance checking. They facilitated access to standard bank services for clients and, at the same time, made banks more efficient. Since the very first model was installed in London in 1967, they have become devices standing in each branch. Their numbers have grown to three ATMs per bank branch in 2017 from one ATM per four bank branches in 1987. With bank employees relieved of routine cash-handling tasks, they were able to take on other services such as relationship banking, that is, catering to clients' individual needs and offering other bank services like credit cards, loans and investment products.⁶ Online banking is another example of banks adopting client-facing new IT. Use of the internet as a medium for banking services increased manifold from the late 1990s. Internet or direct banks with very few or no physical branches came into the scene. All banks started online banking facilities. By 2018, more than half the

adult population used internet banking to check their account balance or to transfer funds within the EU. In countries like Denmark, the penetration rates are as high as 90%. In Germany, 59% of people used online banking in 2018. This number was nominally higher than in the previous decade only.

Development Of Ai In The Banking Sector

AI development in the banking sector has become a thriving field and will surely revolutionize the way banks work, decide, and serve their customers. Here are some major aspects of AI development in the banking sector:

Machine Learning and Predictive Analytics: Machines and systems in banks use machine learning all the time to make predictions on things like market trends, customer behavior, credit risk, and much more on real-time and past data. Predictive analytics provides the ability and knowledge to a bank for making an informed decision when it comes to personalized product suggestions or finding fraud.

Natural Language Processing (NLP): NLP is engaged in helping banks clearly communicate with customers through reading and processing natural language comments and questions. Applications using NLP help the bank with chatbots, virtual helpers, or even mood analysis of customer feedback.

Chatbots and Virtual Assistants: These can make use of AI-built chatbots and virtual helpers to provide better service to their customers. This would allow for easier engagement with customer inquiries, smoother deals, and provision of real-time information concerning account amounts, among other things, which again go on to enhance customer experience in general.

Banks are investing money in the making of AI for better customer experiences through increased efficiency of operations, which helps cut costs to remain competitive. At the same time, AI in this sphere will raise a number of concerns related to data privacy, compliance, and ethics. These are challenges that banks are wrestling with as they look to integrate AI into their operations.

DISADVANTAGES AND CHALLENGES OF MANAGING AI IN THE BANKING SECTOR

While Artificial Intelligence brought several benefits to the banking industry, a number of disadvantages and challenges connect with the same. The following are some key disadvantages of AI in banking.

Data Privacy and Security Concerns: AI systems in banks are very dependent on their customers' data. This is a high potential ground for major privacy and security issues if not dealt with properly. Unless otherwise ensured, this may lead to various cases of leakage and improper use of customer information.

Dependency on Technology: In doing this, the banks get very dependent on these AI systems; and once they fail or develop some technical problems, it affects the banking operation and customer service. Introducing AI to your customer base can often spark some kind of resistance and apprehension. Customers may have insecurities about what the technology is capable of and what effects it will have on their many different experiences.

Customer Resistance: Frequently one of the problems encountered is that of privacy; some customers feel their data is not safe and it is going to be used for unauthorized purposes. Some of them even fear losing jobs and face-to-face interactions due to AI. There are also trust concerns, technical malfunctioning issues, and depersonalization fears. The kind of resistance that occurred could be reduced if there is a clear necessity to communicate the advantages of AI, handle privacy issues, ensure technical reliability, and highlight how AI will enhance rather than replace human contact. A judicious mix of automation with personalization and active listening to customer feedback can go a long way in being conducive to the acceptance and fostering of trust in AI systems.

Ai: Announcing A Change In The Way We Bank

It will be in the year 2023 when AI sees its way to the banks, and it will cause huge waves. It should also be remembered that the world of banking is changing very quickly since AI is the leader today; a bank armed with the most modern tools for data analysis and machine learning is becoming a reality. Banks will, therefore, be able to generate services that are specific to each of their customers whenever they may need money-related assistance. It is quite clear that AI is going to be used with the aim of making a few things a little more personal in some instances, but the basic idea is to ensure that everything runs much smoother. It is automating things that must be

done repeatedly and consume time. Moreover, the best AI-powered chatbots and virtual assistants emulate and converse with customers, thus giving whenever needed the best support to customers instantly. This makes banks more secure in many ways, such as in securities regarding insecurity, detection, and identification of fraud, risk appraisal, and through AI identity verification. The financial industry is slowly but surely being taken over by the power of data. AI helps the banks extract meaningful information from mega files and enables data-driven decisions. New financial services, such as robot-advisors and digital-only banks, are becoming more the rule than the exception and change the way customers interact with money organizations. By 2023 and beyond, AI will be able to change banks even more in terms of efficiency, safety, and customer focus, setting the stage for a transformative age.

Methodology

To understand the adaptation of Artificial Intelligence in Digital Banking 2.0, this study will use a mixed-method approach by applying both qualitative and quantitative data sources. A prior literature review will thus be conducted as a precursor to scanning related works on the role of AI in digital banking in terms of trends and technological developments. Further, the study will examine case studies involving digital banks and financial institutions leading the use of AI-driven technologies, such as chatbots and fraud detection systems, and which incorporate personalized financial services.

Surveys among professionals in banking and customers would be conducted to collect quantitative data regarding perceived adoption, usability, and security perspectives with respect to AI. Interviews with the experts in this area within the industry will also be conducted to understand its challenges and opportunities in an exemplary manner. This data shall be subjected to statistical methodologies and applied to the appropriate tools for identifying patterns or correlation so some conclusion would be drawn about AI's impact on efficiency and the customers' experience in digital banking 2.0.

Conclusion

In conclusion, we can suitably say that Artificial Intelligence technologies are taking over the banking sector, and it seems like there is nothing we can do about it. Computational intelligence is aiding in rewriting how we interact with our money. A.I have given the banking sector a new way of meeting their customers' demands, who are looking for smarter, convenient, and safer ways to access, save, spend, and invest their money. It is, therefore, up to the financial institutions to note the call of the new era. Customers are a smart lot nowadays. They have realized that technology is not expensive or complicated to learn; everything is bundled together in a smartphone that an ordinary man can easily operate.

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